



**VALUE  
PARTNERS**  
INVESTMENTS

# **VPI INCOME POOL**

## **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

### **MANAGER**

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGER**

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

## MANAGEMENT REPORT

### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

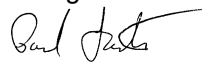
The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the management of Value Partners Investments Inc. (Value Partners), the Manager of the Value Partners Pools (the Pools), and approved by the Board of Directors of Value Partners.

Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements. The Board of Directors of Value Partners is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board of Directors will also review the adequacy of internal controls, the audit process and financial reporting with management and the external auditor.

Value Partners maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments. The material accounting policies which management believes are appropriate for the Pools, are described in note 3 of the financial statements.

KPMG LLP is the external auditors of the Pools. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable them to express to the unitholders their opinion on the financial statements. Their report is set out below.

On behalf of Value Partners Investments Inc.  
Manager of the Pools



Paul Lawton  
Chief Operating Officer and Secretary



Dean Bjarnarson  
Chief Financial Officer

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of VPI Income Pool

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of VPI Income Pool (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022
- the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the years then ended
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the years then ended
- the statements of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

## ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the '***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***' section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## ***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Financial Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## ***Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The image shows the handwritten signature of KPMG LLP in black ink. The letters are bold and slanted, with a horizontal line underneath the signature.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Winnipeg, Canada

March 14, 2024

# VPI INCOME POOL

Statements of Financial Position

(In thousands of dollars and units, except for per unit amounts)

As at	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<b>Assets</b>		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 8)	\$ 513,504	\$ 516,327
Cash and cash equivalents	11,847	11,144
Accrued dividends receivable	395	425
Subscriptions receivable	1,459	1,155
	<u>\$ 527,205</u>	<u>\$ 529,051</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 110	\$ 109
Redemptions payable	457	186
Management fees payable (notes 4 and 5)	739	772
Distributions payable	1,190	1,070
Due to Manager (note 5)	–	5
	<u>2,496</u>	<u>2,142</u>
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 524,709	\$ 526,909
<b>Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:</b>		
Series A	\$ 463,592	\$ 458,906
Series F	48,279	52,651
Series I	12,518	15,352
Series O	320	–
<b>Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:</b>		
Series A	\$ 11.90	\$ 11.15
Series F	11.57	10.89
Series I	10.03	9.57
Series O	10.74	10.23
<b>Number of redeemable units outstanding:</b>		
Series A	38,949	41,172
Series F	4,171	4,833
Series I	1,248	1,605
Series O	30	–

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for per unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Investment income (loss):		
Interest income for distribution purposes	\$ 8,459	\$ 5,589
Dividend income	14,628	13,566
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(634)	352
Other changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
Net realized gain on sale of investments	22,056	11,507
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency forward contracts	1	(3)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	12,742	(58,409)
	<u>57,252</u>	<u>(27,398)</u>
Expenses:		
Administration	185	174
Audit fees	15	18
Independent review committee fees	8	7
Security holder reporting costs	273	283
Custodian fees	28	25
Interest expense	–	2
Filing fees	22	25
Legal fees	5	5
Management fees (notes 4 and 5)	9,204	9,524
Registered plan fees	13	13
Trustee fees	5	5
Withholding taxes	865	1,004
Transaction costs	73	125
	<u>10,696</u>	<u>11,210</u>
Absorbed expenses (notes 4 and 5)	(14)	(15)
	<u>10,682</u>	<u>11,195</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	<u>\$ 46,570</u>	<u>\$ (38,593)</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 40,209	\$ (33,900)
Series F	4,848	(4,002)
Series I	1,499	(691)
Series O	14	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 1.00	\$ (0.80)
Series F	1.10	(0.74)
Series I	1.10	(0.45)
Series O	3.50	–

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Statements of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units  
(In thousands of dollars and units)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Series A		Series F		Series I		Series O		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of year	\$ 458,906	\$ 520,129	\$ 52,651	\$ 66,907	\$ 15,352	\$ 17,493	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 526,909	\$ 604,529
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series	40,209	(33,900)	4,848	(4,002)	1,499	(691)	14	—	46,570	(38,593)
Redeemable unit transactions:										
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	34,956	43,195	3,418	6,296	261	2,640	326	—	38,961	52,131
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	11,346	7,561	1,593	1,239	565	508	5	—	13,509	9,308
Redemption of redeemable units	(71,897)	(72,115)	(12,458)	(16,336)	(4,385)	(3,896)	(20)	—	(88,760)	(92,347)
	(25,595)	(21,359)	(7,447)	(8,801)	(3,559)	(748)	311	—	(36,290)	(30,908)
Distributions to holders of redeemable shares:										
Net investment income	(9,928)	(5,964)	(1,773)	(1,453)	(774)	(702)	(5)	—	(12,480)	(8,119)
Total distributions paid to Holders of redeemable units	(9,928)	(5,964)	(1,773)	(1,453)	(774)	(702)	(5)	—	(12,480)	(8,119)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	4,686	(61,223)	(4,372)	(14,256)	(2,834)	(2,141)	320	—	(2,200)	(77,620)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year	\$ 463,592	\$ 458,906	\$ 48,279	\$ 52,651	\$ 12,518	\$ 15,352	\$ 320	\$ —	\$ 524,709	\$ 526,909
Increase (decrease) in redeemable units outstanding:										
Beginning of year	41,172	43,099	4,833	5,657	1,605	1,665	—	—	47,610	50,421
Issued	3,025	3,807	303	560	27	269	32	—	3,387	4,636
Issued on reinvestment of distributions	982	674	141	113	57	53	—	—	1,180	840
Redeemed	(6,230)	(6,408)	(1,106)	(1,497)	(441)	(382)	(2)	—	(7,779)	(8,287)
Redeemable units outstanding, end of year	38,949	41,172	4,171	4,833	1,248	1,605	30	—	44,398	47,610
Weighted average units outstanding, during the year	40,084	42,286	4,412	5,381	1,365	1,534	4	—		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

# VPI INCOME POOL

Statements of Cash Flows  
(In thousands of dollars)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 46,570	\$ (38,593)
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	634	(352)
Net realized gain on sale of investments	(22,056)	(11,507)
Transaction costs	73	125
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	(12,742)	58,409
Purchase of investments	(70,124)	(86,347)
Proceeds from sale of investments	107,672	126,114
Dividends receivable	30	162
Interest receivable for distribution purposes	—	10,676
Management fees payable	(33)	(122)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1	(7)
Due to Manager	(5)	(1)
Due to broker	—	(10,676)
Net cash from operating activities	50,020	47,881
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	1,149	1,487
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	36,654	48,608
Redemption of redeemable units	(86,486)	(89,429)
Net cash used in financing activities	(48,683)	(39,334)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(634)	352
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	703	8,899
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	11,144	2,245
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,847	\$ 11,144
Supplementary information:		
Dividends received, net of withholding tax	\$ 13,793	\$ 12,724
Interest received, net of withholding tax	8,459	16,265

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



# VPI INCOME POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
<b>Mutual Funds:</b>				
26,391,867	VPI Corporate Bond Pool - Series I	\$ 267,137	\$ 270,472	51.55
<b>Equities:</b>				
<b>Automobiles and Components:</b>				
35,500	Magna International Inc.	2,231	2,779	0.53
		2,231	2,779	
<b>Banks:</b>				
64,600	Bank of Montreal	5,852	8,470	7.33
107,400	Bank of Nova Scotia	6,642	6,927	
127,850	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	6,263	8,157	
56,865	Royal Bank of Canada	4,624	7,620	
84,930	Toronto-Dominion Bank	5,516	7,272	
		28,897	38,446	
<b>Capital Goods:</b>				
48,500	3M Company	10,339	6,991	2.57
52,500	Siemens AG	4,446	6,475	
		14,785	13,466	
<b>Commercial and Professional Services:</b>				
30,000	Wolters Kluwer NV	3,273	5,624	1.07
<b>Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail:</b>				
242,000	Carrefour S.A	5,365	5,839	3.35
49,100	Loblaw Companies Ltd.	3,088	6,298	
104,000	Seven & I Holdings Co., Ltd.	4,598	5,442	
		13,051	17,579	
<b>Consumer Services:</b>				
46,500	Starbucks Corp.	4,885	5,887	1.12
<b>Equity REITs:</b>				
25,000	American Tower Corp.	7,295	7,116	2.42
1,163,100	Firm Capital Property Trust	3,779	5,560	
		11,074	12,676	
<b>Financial Services:</b>				
11,400	S&P Global Inc.	5,217	6,622	1.26
<b>Food, Beverage and Tobacco:</b>				
122,500	Asahi Group Holdings, Ltd.	7,114	6,024	3.26
27,000	Diageo PLC ADR	4,706	5,186	
38,800	Nestle S.A. ADR	5,943	5,916	
		17,763	17,126	
<b>Healthcare Equipment and Services:</b>				
65,000	CVS Health Corp.	4,656	6,768	2.41
8,500	United Health Group Inc.	3,395	5,901	
		8,051	12,669	

# VPI INCOME POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
<b>Insurance:</b>				
176,300	Great-West Lifeco Inc.*	\$ 4,569	\$ 7,733	
105,500	Sun Life Financial Inc.	5,402	7,250	
		9,971	14,983	2.86
<b>Media &amp; Entertainment:</b>				
102,000	Comcast Corporation, Class A	4,561	5,898	1.12
<b>Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology and Life Sciences:</b>				
49,000	Merck & Co., Inc.	4,838	7,044	
125,500	Roche Holding AG ADR	7,418	5,995	
		12,256	13,039	2.48
<b>Software and Services:</b>				
263,000	Infosys Ltd.	5,315	6,374	
108,000	Open Text Corp.	4,313	6,015	
32,000	Oracle Corp.	2,270	4,449	
		11,898	16,838	3.21
<b>Technology Hardware and Equipment:</b>				
105,500	Cisco Systems Inc.	5,647	7,028	
55,000	Logitech International S.A.	5,617	6,873	
		11,264	13,901	2.65
<b>Telecommunication Services:</b>				
187,000	Deutsche Telekom AG ADR	4,411	5,950	
3,785,000	Nippon Telegraph & Telephone Corp.	5,036	6,100	
126,000	Rogers Communications Inc., Class B	7,456	7,814	
125,000	Verizon Communications Inc.	5,927	6,214	
		22,830	26,078	4.97
<b>Transportation:</b>				
28,500	United Parcel Service Inc.	6,920	5,909	
		6,920	5,909	1.13
<b>Utilities:</b>				
700,000	Enel SpA	6,996	6,862	
122,000	Fortis Inc.	6,485	6,650	
		13,481	13,512	2.58

# VPI INCOME POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

December 31, 2023

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
<b>Summary:</b>				
Mutual Funds		\$ 267,137	\$ 270,472	51.55
Equities		202,408	243,032	46.32
		469,545	513,504	97.87
Transaction costs		(153)		
Total financial assets at FVTPL		469,392	513,504	97.87
<b>Cash:</b>				
Domestic		5,642	5,642	
Foreign		6,273	6,205	
Total cash		11,915	11,847	2.25
Liabilities, net of other assets			(642)	(0.12)
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units			\$ 524,709	100.00

\*The issuer of this security is related to the Manager (See Note 1)

## Schedule 1 - Asset Composition of Underlying Fund December 31, 2023

As at December 31, 2023, 51.6 percent of the net assets of the Pool were invested in VPI Corporate Bond Pool Series I (the Underlying Fund). As a result, the major asset classes in which the Underlying Fund was invested at the end of the period are indicated below.

Description	Percentage
Corporate bonds	69.13%
Mortgage backed securities	9.46%
Government bonds	17.93%
Term loans	2.68%
Equities	0.80%
	100.00%

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 1. Reporting entity:

- (a) VPI Income Pool (the Pool) is an open-ended mutual fund trust, established on September 26, 2005 by declaration of trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. As of March 2017, the registered office of the Pool is located at 300-175 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Manitoba. The trustee of the Pool is RBC Investor Services Trust and the Manager of the Pool is Value Partners Investments Inc. (VPI or the Manager).

The Pool commenced operations on October 20, 2005 with one series of units: Series A. On July 3, 2007, the Pool began offering Series F units. On July 5, 2017, the Pool began offering Series O units and effective June 15, 2022 were renamed as Series I units. Effective June 28, 2022, Series O units of the Pool were qualified for distribution.

The Pool's objective is to place a strong emphasis on avoiding material or long-term capital losses while investing in securities that provide a reasonable level of income and the potential for long-term capital growth. The Pool invests primarily in fixed income and equity securities that pay income.

On September 8, 2023, Great-West Lifeco Inc. ("Lifeco") and a wholly owned subsidiary of The Canada Life Assurance Company, 14894821 Canada Inc. ("Newco") acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Value Partners Group Inc. ("VPGI"), the parent company of the Manager, from the previous shareholders of VPGI ("the acquisition"). As a result of the acquisition, there was a change in control of the Manager of the Pool.

- (b) Redeemable units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Pool. The Pool's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of units and series without par value. The number of outstanding units of each series is disclosed in the statements of financial position.

Series A units are subject to a negotiated sales commission payable by the investor at the time of purchase. Series F units are only available to investors that have a fee-based account with a dealer that has signed a Series F agreement with the Manager. Series I units are available to investors who have, or whose dealer has, entered into an agreement directly with the Manager to purchase Series I units and who make the required minimum investment and minimum additional investment as set out by the Manager from time to time.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 1. Reporting entity (continued):

Such investors may include investors who opened a discretionary investment management account with the Manager prior to on or about September 30, 2022, certain institutional investors as approved by the Manager and other mutual funds managed by the Manager. Series O units of the Pool are available to investors who have entered into a discretionary investment management account with the Manager.

Except for Series I, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. Proportionate fund expenses for Series I, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I, are paid by the Manager. Distributions of each series may vary due to the differences in expenses between the series.

- (c) Unitholders may redeem all or part of their units by delivering a written request to do so to the Manager or Trustee or to an investment dealer, securities dealer or mutual fund dealer for delivery to the Manager or Trustee. Units will be redeemed at the net asset value per unit as determined on the next valuation date. Requests for redemption received after 4:00 p.m., Toronto time, on any day are deemed to be received on the first business day following the date of the actual receipt.

## 2. Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager on behalf of the board of directors on March 14, 2024.

- (a) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for investments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

- (b) Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Pool's functional currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 2. Basis of preparation (continued):

### (c) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The most significant judgments made by the Manager in preparing these financial statements is in determining the fair value of financial instruments not traded in an active market, if any, under IFRS 13 - *Fair Value Measurement* (IFRS 13).

## 3. Material accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

### (a) Financial instruments:

#### (i) Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are required to be classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgement.

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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### 3. Material accounting policies (continued):

Financial instruments at FVTPL are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Pool becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated. The Pool derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position only when the Pool has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, no amounts have been offset in the statements of financial position.

#### (ii) FVTPL:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which they occur. The Pool has classified its investments in securities, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Pool uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The Pool's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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### 3. Material accounting policies (continued):

Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

The Pool's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used for measuring its net asset value for transactions with unitholders.

#### (iii) Amortized cost:

Financial instruments classified under amortized cost include financial assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and financial liabilities not classified as FVTPL.

Such financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement of these financial assets and financial liabilities is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate. The Pool classifies cash, accrued dividends receivable, subscriptions receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, redemptions payable, management fees payable, distributions payable and due to Manager as amortized cost. Cash includes cash on deposit with the custodian.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### (iv) Impairment:

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Pool uses an expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.



# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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### 3. Material accounting policies (continued):

The Pool measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. Lifetime ECL's are the ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade and other receivables. ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (that being the difference between the cash flows due to the Pool in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Pool expects to receive). ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

#### (v) Foreign currency forward contracts:

The value of a foreign currency forward contract is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the date that valuation is made, the positions were closed out. It is reflected in the statements of financial position as part of "foreign currency forward contracts" and the change in value over the period is reflected in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) as part of "change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in foreign currency forward contracts". When the foreign currency forward contracts are closed out, gains and losses are realized and are included in the "net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency forward contracts" in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

#### (b) Redeemable units:

The Pool classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Pool has multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and therefore, does not qualify as equity under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, Financial Instruments - presentation (IAS 32). The redeemable units, which are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a unit price based on the Pool's valuation policies at each redemption date.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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### 3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(c) Foreign currency:

The Pool's subscriptions and redemptions are denominated in Canadian dollars, which is also its functional and presentation currency. Foreign denominated investments and other foreign denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing on each valuation date. Purchases and sales of investments, as well as income and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies, are translated using exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash are presented as 'Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash' and those relating to other financial assets and liabilities are presented within 'Net realized gain' and Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)' in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(d) Investment transactions and revenue recognition:

Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the Pool accounted for on an accrual basis. The Pool does not use the effective interest method to amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed-income securities. Dividend income is recognized on the date that the right to receive payment is established, which for quoted equity securities is usually the ex-dividend date. Portfolio transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments are determined on the average cost basis of the respective investments.

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit:

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) represents the net increase (decrease) in the net assets from operations for each series for the period divided by the weighted average units outstanding for each series for the period.

(f) Income taxes:

The Pool qualifies as a Mutual Fund Trust as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). Pursuant to the terms of the Declaration of Trust establishing the Pool, it is considered to distribute annually to the unitholders all of the net taxable income, including net realized gains on sale of investments, and such distributions are immediately reinvested in units of the Pool.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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### 3. Material accounting policies (continued):

In general, the Pool is subject to income tax, however no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains is refundable on a formula basis when units of the Pool are redeemed.

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Any non-capital losses that are realized in the taxation year 2006 and after may be carried forward for 20 years and applied against future income and capital gains.

#### (g) Changes in material accounting policies:

The Pool adopted *Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)* on January 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in note 3 Material accounting policies (2022 – significant accounting policies) in certain instances in line with the amendments.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 4. Management fees and expenses

Except for Series I and Series O units, the Manager of each series of units is entitled to a monthly management fee from the Pool based on a percentage of the net asset value of each series of units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at the following annual rates:

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Series A	1.80%
Series F	0.90%

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The Manager offers a management fee reduction program to qualified investors in Series A and Series F units. If the unitholder qualifies under this program, the management fee charged to the Pool is reduced and the Pool distributes the amount of the reduction to the investor by way of a management fee distribution. Management fee distributions are automatically reinvested in additional units of a particular series of the Pool unless negotiated otherwise with the Manager.

No management fee is charged to the Pool with respect to Series I units. Instead, each investor negotiates a separate fee that is paid directly to the Manager. Series O units of the Pool pay a portfolio management fee based on a percentage of the net asset value of Series O units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at a rate of 0.15% annually.

Except for Series I units, in addition to the management fee, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common operating expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. These expenses include, but are not limited to audit, legal and filing fees, custodial, recordkeeping and trustee fees, transfer agent fees, investor servicing costs, taxes, compensation and expenses of the Independent Review Committee, and costs of unitholder reports, financial reporting, prospectuses, regulatory filings, and other communications. Brokerage commissions and transaction costs for buying and selling investments for the Pool's portfolio are also paid by the Pool, as well as the costs and expenses related to holding any meeting convened by unitholders. The Manager may, at its own discretion, absorb a portion of the operating expenses of Series A, Series F or Series O units from time to time.

Proportionate fund expenses for Series I units, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I, are fully absorbed by the Manager.

The Manager absorbed a portion of the operating expenses (note 5) of the Pool during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 5. Related party transactions:

Related party balances of the Pool as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fees payable	\$ 739	\$ 772
Due to Manager	–	5

Related party transactions of the Pool for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Management fees	\$ 9,204	\$ 9,524
Absorbed expenses	(14)	(15)

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Manager or parent company of the Manager held the following number of units in the Pool:

	2023	2022
Series F	–	48,789
Series O	1	1

At December 31, 2023, the Pool holds 26,391,867 (2022 - 22,003,418) Series I units of the VPI Corporate Bond Pool (note 10) with a fair value at December 31, 2023 of \$270,472 (2022 - \$217,563). The VPI Corporate Bond Pool is managed by the same Manager as the Pool.

## 6. Brokerage commissions:

Commissions paid to brokers for portfolio transactions for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

There were \$15 of soft dollar commissions paid during the period ended December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$20).

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 7. Income taxes:

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no non-capital losses available for carry forward.

Capital losses available for carry forward as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Capital losses	\$ 88,554	\$ 102,968

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## 8. Financial risk management:

The investment activities of the Pool expose the Pool to various types of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Pool by contracting professional, experienced portfolio managers, by monitoring the Pool and market events on a daily basis, and by diversifying the investment portfolio within the parameters of the investment objective and strategy.

The most significant risks include market risk (other price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks and related risk management practices employed by the Pool are discussed below:

(i) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by the Pool is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The portfolio manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified parameters established for the Pool.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

For the Pool, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from investments in equity securities. The following table shows the exposure of the Pool to equity securities and indicates the impact on net assets if the prices of the equity securities on the respective stock exchanges increased or decreased by 5 percent, with all other variables held constant.

	Fair value of equities	% of net assets	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2023	\$ 243,032	46.32%	\$ 12,152	2.32%
As at December 31, 2022	\$ 298,764	56.70%	\$ 14,938	2.84%

For the Underlying Fund, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from investments in equity securities.

The following table shows the exposure of the Underlying Fund to equity securities and indicates the impact on net assets if the prices of the equity securities on the respective stock exchanges increased or decreased by 5 percent, with all other variables held constant.

	Fair value of equities	% of net assets	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2023	\$ 4,178	0.80%	\$ 209	0.04%
As at December 31, 2022	\$ 3,975	0.75%	\$ 199	0.04%

### (ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments such as bonds. The Pool is exposed to this risk to the extent that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Pool does not directly hold any interest-bearing financial instruments such as bonds or mortgages. The Pool is indirectly exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments in the Underlying Fund will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of interest rates.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

The table below summarizes the Pool's indirect exposure to interest rate risk through its investment in the Underlying Fund, categorized by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

As at December 31, 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 25,214	\$ 101,155	\$ 60,678	\$ 81,264	\$ 2,161	\$ 270,472

As at December 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 10,727	\$ 42,262	\$ 79,650	\$ 82,710	\$ 2,214	\$ 217,563

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, should interest rates have increased or decreased by 25 basis points, excluding cash and treasury bills and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets for each Pool would have approximately increased or decreased as indicated in the following table. The Pool's sensitivity to interest rates was estimated using the weighted average duration of the bond portfolio.

	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,408	0.27%
As at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,277	0.24%

### (iii) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Pool. The Pool's greatest concentration of credit risk is in debt securities such as bonds. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the debt issuer. The carrying amount of these investments represents the maximum credit risk exposures as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.



# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker.

The Pool may enter into foreign currency forward contracts to buy and sell currencies for the purpose of settling foreign securities transactions. These are short-term spot settlements carried out with counterparties with a credit rating of at least "A." The exposure to credit risk on these contracts is considered minimal as there are few contracts outstanding at any one time and the transactions are settled and paid for upon delivery.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Pool did not directly hold any debt securities. However, the Pool is indirectly exposed to credit risk to the extent that the value of debt securities in the Underlying Fund will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of the interest rates.

The Pool's exposure to debt securities by credit rating are as follows. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker.

The Pool may enter into foreign currency forward contracts to buy and sell currencies for the purpose of settling foreign securities transactions. These are short-term spot settlements carried out with counterparties with a credit rating of at least "A." The exposure to credit risk on these contracts is considered minimal as there are few contracts outstanding at any one time and the transactions are settled and paid for upon delivery.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Pool did not directly hold any debt securities. However, the Pool is indirectly exposed to credit risk to the extent that the value of debt securities in the Underlying Fund will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of the interest rates.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

The Pool's exposure to debt securities by credit rating are as follows:

As at December 31, 2023	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	34.61%	17.52%
AA	5.31%	2.69%
A	10.88%	5.51%
BBB	21.67%	10.97%
BB	15.11%	7.65%
B	5.86%	2.97%
CCC	1.00%	0.51%
N/R	5.56%	2.81%
	100.00%	50.63%

As at December 31, 2022	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	25.88%	10.36%
AA	3.26%	1.31%
A	4.34%	1.74%
BBB	24.70%	9.88%
BB	21.75%	8.71%
B	11.33%	4.54%
CCC	3.38%	1.35%
N/R	5.36%	2.15%
	100.00%	40.04%

### (iv) Liquidity risk:

The Pool is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it is subject to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, the Pool invests the majority of their assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. In addition, the Pool retains sufficient cash positions to maintain liquidity.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

### (v) Currency risk:

The Pool uses the Canadian dollar as its functional and reporting currency. Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, the Pool's reporting currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Pool may enter into foreign currency forward contracts to reduce its foreign currency exposure.

The foreign currencies to which the Pool was exposed at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are included in following table.

The following tables illustrate the potential impact to the Pool's net assets, all other variables held constant, as a result of a 5 percent change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar and include the underlying principal of foreign currency forward contracts, if any.

As at December 31, 2023	Foreign currencies (\$)	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
United States dollar	\$ 118,036	\$ 118,036	\$ 5,902	1.12%
Euro	18,325	18,325	916	0.17%
Japanese yen	17,624	17,624	881	0.17%
Swiss franc	6,873	6,873	344	0.07%
	\$ 160,858	\$ 160,858	\$ 8,043	1.53%

As at December 31, 2022	Foreign currencies (\$)	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
United States dollar	\$ 155,674	\$ 155,674	\$ 7,784	1.48%
Euro	23,301	23,301	1,165	0.22%
Japanese yen	20,593	20,593	1,030	0.19%
Swiss franc	7,939	7,939	397	0.08%
	\$ 207,507	\$ 207,507	\$ 10,376	1.97%

The Pool was indirectly exposed to foreign currencies held by the Underlying Fund. The only foreign currencies held by the Underlying Fund December 31, 2023 and 2022 was the U.S. dollar.

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

The following table illustrates the potential impact to the Pool's net assets, all other variables held constant, as a result of a 5 percent change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar.

As at December 31, 2023	Foreign currencies (\$)	Foreign currency forward contracts	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 122,485	\$ (126,240)	\$ (3,755)	\$ (188)	(0.04)%
Cash	2,190	–	2,190	110	0.02%
Other assets less liabilities	2,145	–	2,145	107	0.02%
	\$ 126,820	\$ (126,240)	\$ 580	\$ 29	0.00%

As at December 31, 2022	Foreign currencies (\$)	Foreign currency forward contract	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 142,939	\$ (146,477)	\$ (3,528)	\$ (176)	(0.04)%
Cash	920	–	920	46	0.01%
Other assets less liabilities	2,503	–	2,503	125	0.03%
	\$ 146,362	\$ (146,477)	\$ (105)	\$ (5)	(0.00)%

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

(vi) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. The market segments are represented as a percentage of financial assets at FVTPL. The following is a summary of the Pool's concentration risk:

Market segment Long	December 31, 2023 %	December 31, 2022 %
Automobiles and components	0.54	1.93
Banks	7.49	7.57
Capital goods	2.62	3.05
Commercial and professional services	1.10	1.38
Consumer staples distribution and retail	3.42	—
Communication services	—	1.84
Consumer services	1.15	1.54
Equity REITs	2.47	1.28
Financial services	1.29	—
Diversified financials	—	1.32
Food, beverage and tobacco	3.34	4.36
Food and staples retailing	—	4.68
Health care equipment and services	2.47	3.19
Insurance	2.92	3.22
Media & Entertainment	1.15	1.55
Mutual funds	52.65	42.13
Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology and life sciences	2.54	3.51
Software and services	3.28	4.87
Technology hardware and equipment	2.71	3.21
Telecommunication services	5.08	2.90
Transportation	1.15	3.35
Utilities	2.63	3.12
Total	100.00	100.00

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 8. Financial risk management (continued):

The Underlying Fund makes up a significant portion of the Pool, thus the concentration risk of the Underlying Fund as a percentage of the Pool's FVTPL is disclosed below:

Market segment	December 31,	December 31,
Long	2023	2022
	%	%
Government bonds	9.24	3.98
Corporate bonds	35.63	29.45
Term loans	1.38	1.29
Mortgage backed securities	4.88	6.17
Capital goods	0.12	0.07
Energy	0.28	0.31
Media and entertainment	0.01	–
Telecommunication services	–	0.02
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.54</b>	<b>41.29</b>

### (vii) Other risk:

Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could occur due to legal, political, regulatory, economic or other developments, such as public health emergencies, including an epidemic or pandemic, natural disasters, war and related geopolitical risks, and may impair the portfolio manager's ability to carry out the objectives of the Pool or cause the Pools to incur losses. Neither the duration nor ultimate effect of any such market conditions, nor the degree to which such conditions may worsen can be predicted.

## 9. Fair value disclosure:

### (i) Valuation models:

Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could occur due to legal, political, regulatory, economic or other developments, such as public health emergencies, including an epidemic or pandemic, natural disasters, war and related geopolitical risks, and may impair the portfolio manager's ability to carry out the objectives of the Pool or cause the Pools to incur losses. Neither the duration nor ultimate effect of any such market conditions, nor the degree to which such conditions may worsen can be predicted.

The Pool classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Manager has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. There is little if any market activity. Inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into, or out of, a financial instrument's assigned level.

### (ii) Fair value hierarchy – financial instruments measured at fair value:

The following tables present information about the Pool's assets which are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2023:

Financial assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities - long	\$ 243,032	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 243,032
Mutual funds	270,472	–	–	270,472
	\$ 513,504	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 513,504

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2022:

Financial assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities - long	\$ 298,764	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 298,764
Mutual funds	217,563	–	–	217,563
	\$ 516,327	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 516,327

# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## 9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

During the years December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between levels. The financial instruments not measured at FVTPL are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts approximate fair value.

## 10. Investments with structured entities:

The Pool has determined that the Underlying Fund in which it invests is an unconsolidated structured entity. This represents a significant judgment by the Pool as decision making about the Underlying Fund's investing activities are not governed by voting rights held by the Pool and other investors. The table below describes the types of structured entities that the Pool does not consolidate, but in which it holds an interest.

Entity	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the Pool
	To manage assets on behalf of third party investors and generate fees for the investment manager	Investment in units issued by the Underlying Fund
Investment fund	These vehicles are financed through the issue of units to investors	

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The change in fair value of the Underlying Fund is included in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) in 'Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments'.



# VPI INCOME POOL

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)  
(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 10. Investments with structured entities (continued):

The table below sets out the interests held by the Pool in unconsolidated structured entities. The maximum exposure to loss is the carrying amounts of the financial assets held.

December 31, 2023				
Fund	Number of underlying funds held	Total net assets of Underlying Fund		Carrying amount
VPI Income Pool	1	\$ 531,743		\$ 270,472
Underlying Fund	Principal place of business	Country of domicile		Carrying amount included in statement of financial position
VPI Corporate Bond Pool	Canada	Canada		\$ 270,472

December 31, 2022				
Fund	Number of underlying funds held	Total net assets of Underlying Fund		Carrying amount
VPI Income Pool	1	\$ 398,917		\$ 217,563
Underlying Fund	Principal place of business	Country of domicile		Carrying amount included in statement of financial position
VPI Corporate Bond Pool	Canada	Canada		\$ 217,563

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Pool did not provide financial support to unconsolidated structured entities and has no intention of providing financial or other support in the future. The Pool can redeem their units in the above Underlying Fund at any time, subject to sufficient liquidity.